

## **UNIT 1.8 – Legislation**

**#yayfuntimes**

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1) Identify the purpose of the Computer Misuse Act (1990) [1]

To prevent hackers and cyber crime

2) Identify the three aspects outlined in this act [3]

unauthorised access to a device, same and to commit a further crime, same and the intent to modify (change or delete) data

3) Identify the purpose of the Copyright, Designs and Patent Act 1988 [1]

To protect intellectual property (anything someone has created)

4) Describe what actions a persons should take when using copyrighted material [2]

Seek permission from the owner of the material – this may carry a fee.

5) Attribution and Non-commercial are two types of creative commons licence. Name the other two

[2] – share-alike and no derivative works

6) Describe what the term Attribution means when considering this form of creative commons licence [2]

Work can be shared, copied or modified but the copyright holder has to be credited

7) Explain the potential impacts on a company trying to uphold the rules outlined in the Data Protection Act [4]

Training – cost and time of training their staff to uphold aspects of the law

Security – locks, CCTV, guards, encrypted systems all cost money and are required to keep the data secure

8) Describe the difference between the data subject and data user when considering the Data Protection Act [2]

Data Subject – the person who the personal data being stored is about

Data User – the person who is using that data (accessing) it

9) Describe the purpose and aspects of the Freedom of Information Act. You may want to use an example in your response [3]

Allows anyone to request and access information held by public authorities such as the police or councils. You could ask for test diagnostics on a speed camera for example if you believe it is faulty after receiving a ticket. You may have to wait and pay an administration fee for some of this information.